GRADE 6 LANGUAGE ARTS CURRICULUM SPECIFICATIONS

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The Language Arts Curriculum Specifications for Achievement Tests in Grade 6 were prepared in July, 1981, by a committee of classroom teachers, Language Arts consultants, and Alberta Education personnel, under the direction of the Curriculum Branch. These specifications were revised and validated in January, 1982. Alberta Education acknowledges with appreciation the contributions of the members of the Grade 6 Language Arts Committee.

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The two major criteria for the Grade 3 Language Arts Achievement Tests were used as the criteria underlying the curriculum specifications for the Grade 6 Language Arts Achievement Tests. The criteria are:

- 1. to be based wholly on the Program of Studies for Elementary Schools, 1978 (amended 1981),
- 2. to reflect the wholeness of the Language Arts program through integrating a taxonomy of levels of thinking with the various communication skills. These include the receptive components of listening, viewing, reading, and the expressive components of speaking and writing.

WEIGHTING FACTORS

Varied emphases are reflected in the system of weighting frequency (time spent) and importance.

Time Factor

The Curriculum Specifications Committee recommended frequency ratings from 5 (high frequency) to 1 (low frequency) comparable to the amount of time spent in class mastering the various concepts (e.g. Supporting Details) and percentage weightings on the Language Arts skills (e.g. Listening). When and where percentage weightings are given, a range from 5 to 10 percent is suggested. The one exception is Reading, for which 25 percent of time is recommended. For example, it is advised that 25 - 35 percent of class time be spent on writing concepts while a moderate amount of class time be spent on main idea because it is categorized as a 3.

2. Importance Factor

The *importance* factor, separate from the *time* factor, is represented by the letters A, B, C, D as follows:

- A Extremely important
- B Very important
- C Important
- D Somewhat important

The objective main idea weighted 3B, therefore, means an average amount of time is spent on it (3) and it is very important (B). [See Table 3]

For further clarification of curriculum specification concepts, readers should refer to the concept and skill statements in the Program of Studies for Elementary Schools, 1978 (revised 1981).

Table 1 outlines the percentage range of classroom time suggested for each of the communication skills. Table 2 outlines the time suggested for each of the taxonomic levels. Table 3 presents detailed curriculum specifications.

Table 1

Grade 6 Language Arts Total Curriculum

MODALITIES	PERCENTAGE RANGE
WRITING	25 - 35
READING	25
VIEWING	10 - 15
LISTENING	15 - 20
SPEAKING	15 - 25
TOTAL	100

Table 2

Grade 6 Language Arts

TAXONOMIC LEVELS	TIME WEIGHTING IN PERCENT
I. LITERAL UNDERSTANDING	10 - 20
A. Recognizing and Recalling	
II. INFERENTIAL UNDERSTANDING	20 - 30
A. Inferring	
B. Interpreting	
C. Predicting	
D. Concluding	
III. APPLICATION	25 - 35
A. Locating and Organizing	
B. Classifying	
C. Synthesizing	
IV. EVALUATION	10 - 20
A. Distinguishing	
B. Judging Appropriateness	
C. Judging Worth, Desirability, and Acceptability	
V. APPRECIATION	10 - 20
A. Responding	
TOTAL	100

Table 3

Grade 6 Language Arts Curriculum Specifications

TIME WEIGHTING IN PERCENT*			IMPORTANCE** FREQUENCY***	LISTENING 15 - 25%	VIEWING 5 - 10%	READING 20 - 30%	SPEAKING 15 - 25%	WRITING 20 - 30%
10 - 20%	I.	LITERAL UNDERSTANDING						
	Α.	Recognizing and Recalling						
		l. main idea	3B	×	×	x		
		supporting details.	3B	x	x	x		
		vocabulary (contextual [semantic, syntactic],	3B	x	х	х		
		phonetic, and structural)						
		4. sequence	2B	X	X	X		
		5. direction (procedures)	3B 2C	×	X	X		
		6. comparison and contrast	2C	x	X	x		
1		7. classification 8. character traits	3C	X X	x	X X		i
		9. relationships (e.g. cause	4B	×	x	x		
		and effect)	12	^	^	^		
		10. conventions of the language (e.g. mechanics, levels of usage)	4D	x	x	х		
ļ		11. feelings and emotions	2C	x	x	х		
		12. structure of language (e.g. syntax)	4 D	x	x	x		
		<pre>13. forms of literature (e.g. fairy tale, limerick)</pre>	5C	х	х	х		
		14. elements of the writer's	4C	x	x	x		
		craft (e.g. author's purpose,	-					
		point of view, rhythm, sensory image)						
ı					l		l	ı

^{*} Weighting code (based on what the teachers recommended):
Percentages represent time spent

**	A Extremely	Very	•	c	D Somewhat
***	Important 5	Importa	ant 3	Important 2	Important 1
F	High Trequency				Low Frequency

TIME WEIGHTING IN PEPCENT*			IMPORTANCE** FREQUENCY***	LISTENING 15 - 25%	VIEWING 5 - 10%	READING 20 - 30%	SPEAKING 15 ~ 25%	WRITING 20 - 30%
20- 30%	11. A.	Inferential UNDERSTANDING Inferring 1. main idea 2. details 3. vocabulary (contextual [semantic, syntactic],	3B 3C 4A	x x x	x x x	x x x		
		phonetic, and structural) 4. sequence 5. comparison and contrast 6. classification 7. character traits 8. relationships (e.g. time and distance, cause and effect) 9. structure of language	3B 3B 3C 3B 4B	x x x x	x x x x	x x x x	x	x
	В.	10. elements of writer's craft (e.g. author's purpose, point of view, mood, theme) Interpreting	4B	x	x	х		
		 body language (e.g. facial expression, voice quality) figurative language (e.g. simile, metaphor) 	1B 2B	x	x	x		
		 feelings and emotions role of reader/writer, viewer/illustrator, speaker/listener 	3B 2B	x x	x x	x x	x	x
	C.	Predicting 1. predicting outcomes	4A	x	x	x		
	D.	Concluding 1. drawing conclusions 2. making generalizations	4A 4A	x x	x x	x x		

TIME WEIGHTING IN PERCENT*		IMPORTANCE** FREQUENCY***	LISTENING 15 - 25%	VIEWING 5 - 10%	READING 20 - 30%	SPEAKING 15 - 25%	WRITING 20 - 30%
25-	III. APPLICATION						
35%	A. Locating, Organizing, and Using						
	 information from a wide variety of sources (e.g. bibliography, dictionary, thesaurus, resource person) 	5A	x	х	х	х	х
	B. Classifying						
	<pre>l. wide variety of forms of expression (e.g. myth, poem, report, conversation)</pre>	3В	х	x	x	х	х
	C. Synthesizing						
	1. formation of sensory images	3B	x	x	x	x	x
	 use of increasingly complex forms or structures of language (e.g. precise words, 	4A	x	x	x	x	x
	<pre>modifiers, kinds of sentences) 3. use of increasingly</pre>						
	<pre>widening contexts a) in a variety of forms (e.g. report, biography)</pre>	4A	x	x	x	x	x
	b) for a variety of audiences (e.g. peer group, newspaper readers)	2A	x	x	x	x	x
	c) for a variety of purposes (e.g. to	4A	x	×	×	x	x
	<pre>entertain, to persuade) d) in a variety of situations (e.g. class assembly, personal use)</pre>	4A	х	х	х	х	х
10- 20%	IV. EVALUATION						
	A. <u>Distinguishing</u>						
	 reality/fantasy fact/opinion plausibility/exaggeration 	2B 3B 3B	x x x	x x x	x x x	x x x	x x x

TIME WEIGHTING IN PERCENT*		IMPORTANCE** FREQUENCY***	LISTENING 15 - 25%	VIEWING 5 - 10%	READING 20 - 30%	SPEAKING 15 - 25%	WRITING 20 - 30%
	B. Judging Appropriateness 1. structure of language	4B 4B 1B 1B	x x	x x	x x x	x x x	x x x
	1. ideas (e.g. absurdity, feelings, humor) 2. importance of acceptable social behavior	2B 3B	x x	x x	x x	x x	x x
10- 20%	V. APPRECIATION A. Responding 1. emotional reaction to content 2. author's use of language a) different types and forms of literature b) elements of the writer's craft c) delights and pleasures of language d) visual and auditory imagery, rhythm in language	4B 1B 2B 1A 3A	x x x	x x x x	x x x x	x x x x	x x x x

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